AUSTRALIAN SLATE-CREYTE SUPPLIES Creating an image

SAFETY DATA SHEET

CONCRETE SEALER TINT BASE

Issued JAN 2025

Hazardous according to criteria of Worksafe Australia

		TAKING IDENTIFICATION
		ETE SEALER TINT BASE
		e and masonry surface treatment. Industrial protective sealer.
		an Slate Crete Supplies PTY LTD
ABN: 35 051 98		
		Drive, Epping, Victoria, 3076 9408 7722
Email:		australianslatecrete.com.au
Web site:		stralianslatecrete.com.au
2 HAZARDS IDENT	TIFICATION	
GHS Classification:		ammable liquids (Category 3)
		cute toxicity, Inhalation (Category 4)
		cute toxicity, Dermal (Category 4)
		kin corrosion/irritation (Category 2)
		pecific target organ toxicity – repeated exposure (Category 2) spiration hazard (Category 1)
	GHS02	GHS07 GHS08
Signal word:	DANGER	
Hazard statements:	H226 H304 H312+332 H315 H373 H412	Flammable liquid and vapour May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways Harmful in contact with skin or if inhaled Causes skin irritation May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects
Precautionary statem	onte	
Prevention	P210	Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition
Trevention	1210	sources – NO SMOKING
	P261	Avoid breathing dust/fumes/gas/mist/vapours/spray
	P273	Avoid release to the environment.
Response	P301+310	IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTRE on 13 11 26 or doctor 3 IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Wash
	P304+340+312	with plenty of soapy water 2 IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing Coll a POISON CENTRE on 12 11 26 or dector if you feel upwell
	P331 P370+P378	breathing. Call a POISON CENTRE on 13 11 26 or doctor if you feel unwell. Do NOT induce vomiting. In case of fire: Use dry sand, dry chemical or alcohol-resistant foam to extinguish
Storage	P403+235	Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.
Disposal	P501	Dispose of contents/ container to an approved waste disposal plant.
Risk Statements:	R10 R20/21 R38 R48/20	Flammable. Harmful by inhalation and in contact with skin. Irritating to skin. Harmful: danger of serious damage to health by prolonged exposure through inhalation.

Product: CONCRET	E SEALER TINT	BASE	Page 2 of 6		Date of Issue: JAN 2025
	R65	Harmful: May	cause lung o	damage if sw	allowed.
Safety Statements:	S36/37/39 S62		do not induc	e vomiting; se	es and eye/face protection. eek medical advice immediately and
Hazard Codes:	Xn (harmful),	Xi (irritant), N ((dangerous fo	or the environ	iment)
Poisons Schedule:	S6				
ADG CLASS:	Flammable Lie	quid Class 3	PGIII	UN 1866	RESIN SOLUTION
Signs and Symptom	• •	,			
Swallowed:					neadache, nausea, vomiting. Small gingestion or vomiting may cause
E	bronchopneun	nonia or pulmor	nary oedema	•	
Eye:					ort, and may cause conjunctivitis and ye from the atmosphere. Corneal
	oedema may	give rise to a pe	erception of b	lue haze or fo	og around lights. This effect is
Skin:		has no known re in. Absorption th			ulting in harmful effects or illness.
	Prolonged and				sitisation and dermatitis due to de
Inhaled:	fatting. Prolonged inh	alation may res	ult in respirat	ory irritation,	dizziness, nausea, and loss of
Ohnemier	consciousness	s. Aspiration inte	o the lungs m	nay cause che	emical pneumonitis which can be fatal.
Chronic <i>:</i>					dverse skin effects (de fatting, rash or njunctivitis) and temporary liver or
	kidney damag		·· · · J	X = =	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,

3 COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS			
Chemical Name	CAS Number	Proportion	Classification
Acrylic resin	confidential	10-30%	non-hazardous
Xylene	1330-20-7	30-60%	R20/21-R38
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	64742-95-6	10-30%	R65

Description Flammable Liquid

4 FIRST AID MEAS	
Swallowed:	If swallowed, do NOT induce vomiting, Give a glass of water and contact a doctor or Poisons Information Centre. Telephone 13 11 26 .
Eye:	Immediately hold eye open and irrigate with water for 15 minutes. If persistent irritation occurs, obtain medical attention and see a Doctor.
Skin:	Remove any contaminated clothing and product. Wash skin thoroughly with mild soap/water. Seek medical advice if ill effect or irritation develops.
Inhaled:	Using proper respiratory protection, immediately remove the affected victim from exposure to fresh air. If breathing is laboured and patient is cyanotic (blue), ensure airways are clear and have qualified person give oxygen through a face mask. If breathing has stopped apply artificial respiration at once. In the event of cardiac arrest, apply external cardiac massage. Seek immediate medical advice.
First Aid Facilities: Advice to Doctor:	Eyewash fountains and safety showers should be available for emergency use. Dermatitis may result from prolonged or repeated exposure. Aspiration into the lungs may cause chemical pneumonitis. Causes central nervous system depression. Severe exposure may cause blurred vision, tremors, shallow and rapid breathing, delirium and unconsciousness.
5 FIRE FIGHTING	MEASURES
Suitable Extinguishi	ng Media: Ignition will give rise to a Class B fire.
2	In case of large fire use: water spray, alcohol foam.
	In case of small fire use: Foam. Dry chemical powder, carbon dioxide, sand or earth.
Special Exposure Ha	zards (fire fighting): Carbon monoxide may be evolved if incomplete combustion occurs. Will
· ·	float and con he reignited on surface water. The venevusie heavier then air, engede clang

float and can be reignited on surface water. The vapour is heavier than air, spreads along the ground and distant ignition is possible. Special Fire Fighting Procedures: Fire fighters should wear full protective clothing and self-contained breathing

apparatus. Water spray should be used to cool intact drums. Prevent runoff from fire control entering waterways.

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HAZCHEM code: 3 [Y]

6 ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES Precautions: Eliminate all sources of ignition. Wear protective clothing, boots, gloves, and eve protection. Methods for Cleaning Up: If recovery is not feasible, admix with dry soil, sand or non-reactive absorbent and place in an appropriate chemical waste container. Transfer to containers by suction, preparatory for later disposal. Flush area with water spray. Clean-up personnel must be equipped with selfcontained breathing apparatus and butyl rubber protective clothing. For large spills, recover spilled material with vacuum truck. 7 HANDLING & STORAGE Handling: Avoid skin and eye contact and inhalation of vapours. Wear overalls, chemical goggles and impervious gloves. Use with adequate ventilation. If inhalation risk exists wear organic vapour respirator meeting the requirements of AS 1715 and AS 1716. Always wash hands before smoking, eating, drinking or using the toilet. Wash contaminated clothing and other protective equipment before storage or reuse. Flammable Liquid (Class 3), Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Store in Storage: well ventilated area. Store away from organic, combustible materials, oxidizing agents, foodstuffs. Keep containers closed at all times. Check regularly for leaks. Avoid thermal shock. Store in cool place and out of direct sunlight. Store away from sources of heat or ignition. 8 EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION Exposure Standards: Xylene TWA (8 hours) 80 ppm TWA (8 hours) 350 mg/m³ STEL (15 min) 150 ppm STEL (15 min) 655 mg/m³ Can be absorbed through the skin Engineering Controls: Use local exhaust ventilation. Do not use in an enclosed or poorly ventilated area. Hand Protection: Wear impervious gloves if contact with liquid is possible. Viton offers good resistance; other materials may be less suitable. Refer AS 2161, 2919 and AS/NZS 2210 for more information. **Eye Protection:** Safety glasses with top and side shields, goggles or face shield. Refer Australian Standards AS 1336 and AS/NZS 1337 for more information. **Body Protection:** Standard issue work clothes safety shoes or boots - chemical resistant. If splashes are likely to occur, wear: long sleeve overall. Check with equipment supplier to determine if level of protection is adequate. Flammability: Flammable PHYSICAL & CHEMICAL PROPERTIES 9 Appearance: Clear colourless liquid Smell: Aromatic Solvent pH: Not applicable Boiling Point (at 760 mmHg): 138 - 185°C Melting Point: < -50°C 25°C (closed cup) Flashpoint: Flammability: Flammable Explosive Limits: LEL: 0.6 % v/v UEL: 7.0% v/v Auto-ignition Temperature: >460°C Oxidizing Properties: No data Vapour Pressure (20°C): ≤ 1 kPa Vapour Density (Air =1): 3.7 Solubility in Water: Insoluble Specific Gravity: 0.90 - 0.93VOC content: \leq 680 g/L < 74% by volume 10 STABILITY & REACTIVITY Stability: Stable under normal use conditions. Reacts with strong oxidizing agents. Reacts with strong acids.

Stability:Stable under normal use conditions. Reacts with strong oxidizing agents. Reacts with strong acids.Conditions to Avoid:Heat, sparks, flames.Incompatibility (Materials to avoid):Strong acids. Strong oxidizing agentsHazardous Decomposition Products:None known.Hazardous Transformation Products:Will not occur.

11 TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

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Acute Inhalation Toxicity (LC₅₀):

Low toxicity, $LC_{50} > 5 \text{ mg/L}$

12 ECOLOGICAL IN			
Basis for assessmen	t: Ecotoxicological data have not been determined specifically for the components in this product.		
The information given	below is based on knowledge of the components and the ecotoxicology of similar products.		
Mobility:	Floats on water. Hydrocarbon volatiles evaporate within a day from water or soil surfaces. If hydrocarbon solvents enter soil, they will be mobile and may contaminate groundwater Dissolved material film forms readily. No specific test data is available and there is no evidence for hazardous properties with respect to the resin component		
Persistence/degrada	 bility: Solvent component is readily biodegradable. Expected to persist under anaerobic conditions. Oxidizes rapidly by photo-chemical reactions in air. Integrated environmental half-life expected to be < 1 day. Dominant loss process – photolysis. Expected to pose a significant risk of oxygen depletion in aquatic systems. No specific test data is available and there is no evidence for hazardous properties with respect to the resin component 		
Bioaccumulation:	Does not bioaccumulate significantly.Acute toxicity – fish:Toxic, $1 < LC/EC/IC_{50} \le 10 \text{ mg/L}$ Acute toxicity – invertebrates:Toxic, $1 < LC/EC/IC_{50} \le 10 \text{ mg/L}$ Acute toxicity – algae:Toxic, $1 < LC/EC/IC_{50} \le 10 \text{ mg/L}$ Acute toxicity – bacteria:Slightly toxic, $10 < LC/EC/IC_{50} \le 100 \text{ mg/L}$ Based on o- and p-xyleneNo specific test data is available and there is no evidence for hazardous properties with respect to the resin component		
Sewage treatment:	Expected to be non-toxic at limit of water solubility.		
Other information:			

13 DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS		
Precautions:	Refer to Section 7 before handling the product or containers.	
Waste disposal:	Recover or recycle if possible. Otherwise: Incineration.	
Product disposal:	Recover or recycle if possible. Otherwise: Incineration.	
Container disposal:	Drain container thoroughly. After draining, vent in a safe place away from sparks and fire. Residues may cause an explosion hazard. Do not puncture, cut or weld uncleaned drums. Send to drum recoverer or metal reclaimer.	
Local legislation:	The recommendations given are considered appropriate for safe disposal. However, local regulations may be more stringent and these must be complied with.	

14 TRANSPORT INFORMATION

SHIPPING NAME: RESIN SOLUTION, (Flammable Liquid)

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Packing Group:

Mode	Regulations	Class	Packing Group	Notes
-	UN	1866	III	
Sea	IMDG	Class 3.3	III	
Road/Rail	ADG Code	Class 3	III	
Air	IATA/ICAO	Class 3	III	

Classified as Class 3 (FLAMMABLE LIQUID) Dangerous Substance for the purpose of transport. Refer to relevant regulations for storage and transport requirements.

Not to be loaded with explosives (Class 1), spontaneously combustible substances (Class 4.2), oxidizing agents (Class 5.1), organic peroxides (Class 5.2), or foodstuff empties, however exemptions may apply.

This material is a Scheduled Poison (S6) and must be stored, maintained and used in accordance with the relevant regulations.

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15 REGULATORY IN	IFORMATION
EEC Symbol: Xn	Harmful
Xi	Irritant
F	Flammable
GHS Classification	
GHS02	Flammable liquids (Category 3)
GHS07	Acute toxicity, Inhalation (Category 4)
	Acute toxicity, Dermal (Category 4)
	Skin corrosion/irritation (Category 2)
GHS08	Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure (Category 2)
	Aspiration hazard (Category 1)
Full text of H-Stateme	ents referred to under sections 2 and 3.
	Acute toxicity
Asp. Tox.	Aspiration hazard
Flam. Liq.	Flammable liquids
H226	Flammable liquid and vapour.
H304	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
H312	Harmful in contact with skin.
H315	Causes skin irritation.
H332	Harmful if inhaled.
H373	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
Skin Irrit.	Skin irritation
STOT RE	Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure
	es relating to the classification, packaging and labelling of dangerous substances and
•••	and Safety (S) phrases:
R10	Flammable
R20/21	Harmful by inhalation and in contact with skin
R38	Irritating to skin
R65	Harmful: May cause lung damage if swallowed.
S2	Keep out of reach of children
S9	Keep container in a well ventilated place
S16	Keep away from sources of ignition – No smoking
S23	Do not breathe vapour
S24/25	Avoid contact with skin and eyes
16 OTHER INFORM	ATION
Uses and restrictions:	Raw material for use in the chemical industry. Persistent abuse involving repeated and
	prolonged exposures to high concentrations of vapour ('sniffing') has been reported to result
	in central nervous system damage and eventually death.

MSDS distribution:	The information in this document should be made available to all who may handle the
	product.

 Reference:
 The content and format of this safety data sheet is in accordance with the 3rd Revised

 Edition of the Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals (GHS) and Safe Work Australia's Code of Practice for the Preparation of Safety Data Sheets for Hazardous Chemicals (2011)

Issue Date: 9th May, 2015

Reason for Issue:	Supersedes previous issue dated September 2010
	Revised to GHS guidelines

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